

automotive

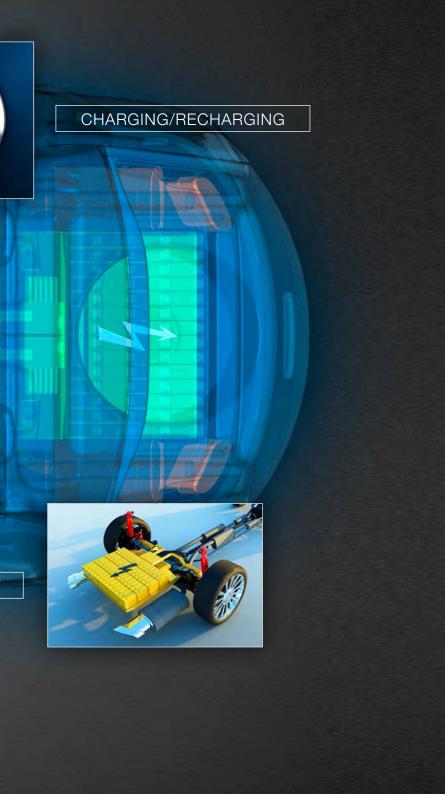
Understanding Power Testing Applications for Today's Automobiles



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ELECTRIC/HYBRID MOTORS





Introduction

The pursuit of more energy —efficient vehicles such as vehicles that run on alternative fuels, and hybrid and all-electric vehicles is driving technological advances in high power semiconductors, battery technology, battery charging, and drivetrain systems. These technological advances are leading to new components and systems that are being integrated into the automobiles of today and tomorrow. Designing, characterizing, and testing these components and systems requires instrumentation capable of making precise measurements over a wide dynamic range and under a wide range of conditions.

New high power semiconductors must be tested beyond their specifications and under environmental extremes to ensure reliability in any weather condition. For power efficiency, these devices must operate to as near-ideal device performance as possible.

Testing the powertrain of electric and hybrid vehicles to achieve low overall emissions, maximum efficiency, the longest travel distance, and high reliability is critical for gaining consumer acceptance and growing market share in a highly competitive market. Thus, the losses in each power conversion state of the drivetrain – from charger to power electronics inverter – must be minimized. The designers must be capable of fully characterizing their sub-systems and system, and manufacturing must have the complete set of test tools to ensure that they are installing high quality systems into the vehicle. The major systems that require detailed characterization and test are:

- The battery and its charging and monitoring systems AC–DC electrical charging, electromechanical (regenerative braking) charging system, and RF charging system, and inductive coupling. Today's and future electric and hybrid vehicles may have one or more of these systems. This system also monitors the state of the battery.
- **DC-DC power supplies** for lighting and all other electronic/electromechanical functions.
- Drivetrain motor control system the power inverter sub-system for power delivery, the sensing and torque control system.
- Electric motor Three-phase, permanent magnet, brushless DC motors, switched reluctance motors, and inductance motors.

The following information will help you through the challenges and solutions for characterizing and testing high power semiconductors used in automotive circuits and the major electrical automotive power systems

Testing New, High Power Semiconductor Devi Solutions for Power Device Characterization i Device ON- and Off-State: Testing the ON-resi Characterizing and Testing High Power, High C Device ON- and Off-State: Off-State Character Characterizing and Testing High Voltage Comp Verifying Battery Performance I-V Testing of Batteries Verifying External Charging Performance Verifying Battery Management System Perform **Testing Automotive Circuits under Realistic Op Simulating Power Sources in Automotive Test.** DC-DC Converter Design and Testing..... Testing the Drivetrain Motor Control System ... **Determining Motor Output Performance**..... Precision, Multi-Channel Power, Energy, and E **Accurate and Versatile Single-Phase Power a**



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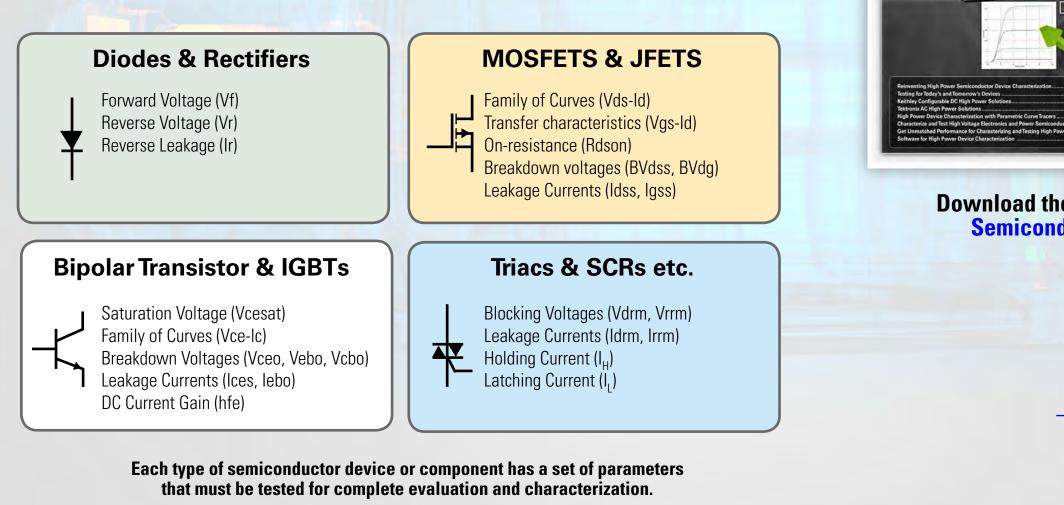
Testing New, High Power Semiconductor Devices, Components, and Modules

Tektronix

Re-Inventing

The onset of advanced electronic technologies and hybrid/electric vehicles has resulted in the design of more efficient semiconductor devices and integrated circuits. Power semiconductor devices are used as switches, control devices, and sources of power in applications such as motor control, voltage regulation, and power conversion. These devices offer lower leakage, lower ON resistance, or both, creating new and increasingly demanding requirements for test and measurements.

Test instrumentation must now be capable of characterizing significantly higher rated voltages, peak currents, and switching frequencies. Breakdown and leakage test are typically performed at 2–3 times the level of the rated or operating voltage. When the devices are in the ON state, they have to pass through tens or hundreds of amps with minimal loss; when they are OFF, they have to block thousands of volts with minimal leakage currents. At the same time, semiconductor technology is being advanced so that it can operate at much higher frequencies to further drive efficiencies.



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Download the e-guide Reinventing High Power Semiconductor Device Characterization

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Complete Solutions for Power Device Characterization in Automotive Applications

Characterizing and testing today's high power semiconductor devices and components is placing a high demand on test equipment. Device design engineers need equipment that can support them throughout the complete lifecycle of a power device. Today, high power characterization systems are available in two main forms — complete turnkey systems and building blocks that must be configured by the user and completed with good software. Turnkey systems can be set up and running guickly, but they can be guite expensive and limited in the breadth of testing that can be performed.

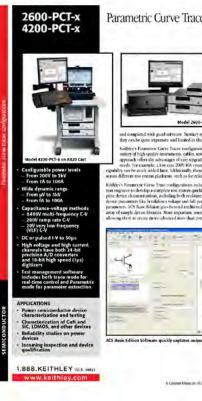
Keithley's High Power Parametric Curve Tracer (PCT) Configurations and source measure unit (SMU) instruments are ideal for characterizing a variety of power devices in automotive applications:

- Incoming inspection of power MOSFETs and IBGTs
- Failure analysis
- Characterization of new prototype devices
- Testing Gallium Nitride (GaN) and Silicon Carbide (SiC) devices
- Testing LEDs

Keithley's Parametric Curve Tracer configurations are complete solutions configured with a variety of high quality instruments, cables, test fixturing, and software, offering the advantages of easy upgrading or modification to meet changing test needs. Additionally, these instruments and accessories can be used across different test system platforms, such as for reliability or device qualification testing.

Parametric Curve Trace configurations include everything necessary for the characterization engineer to develop a complete test system quickly. The configurations support both parametric and trace test modes, thus including the best of a curve tracer and a parameter analyzer.

> **Download the Parametric Curve Tracer Configurations Data Sheet.**

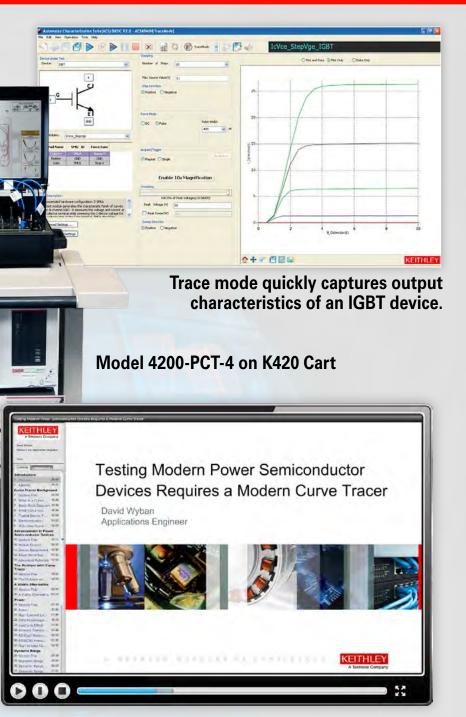


Parametric Curve Tracer Configurations



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View our webinar Testing Modern Power Semiconductor Devices Requires a Modern Curve Tracer.

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Characterizing Device ON- and OFF-State: Testing the ON-resistance (R_{DS(on)})

A MOSFET in power converters is used as a high speed switch, where the conducting channel between drain and source is either ON (i.e., very low resistance) or OFF (i.e., very low leakage.) The ON and OFF states are controlled by the voltage on the gate contact.

ON-resistance is the key determinant of the conduction loss of the power MOSFET. Test challenges include:

- Pulse testing capability, including pulse verification
- Precise low voltage measurements
- Kelvin connections
- Low inductance, low resistance cables

Measuring ON-resistance requires the use of two source measure unit (SMU) instruments: one SMU instrument drives the gate into the ON state and a second SMU instrument pulses a defined current at the drain and measures the resulting voltage. On-resistance is calculated using Ohm's Law and the programmed drain current and measured drain voltage. ON-resistance of a power MOSFET is often characterized as

a function of drain current or gate voltage. Using software, both SMU instruments can be triggered and swept so that this measurement is performed within a single test.

Application Note Series

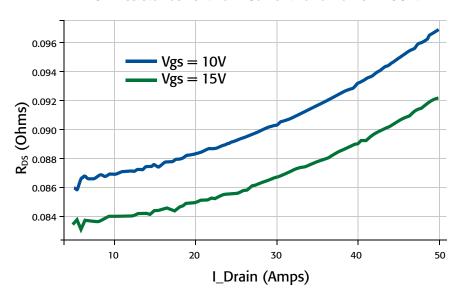
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Learn more about measuring ON-resistance. **Download the application note Testing Power Semiconductor Devices with Keithley High Power System SourceMeter SMU Instruments.**

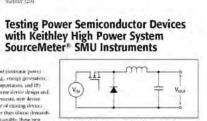
Shown here are the results for ON-resistance of a power MOSFET as measured as a function of drain current for two gate voltages.





ON-resistance vs. Drain Current for a Power MOSFET





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Unmatched Performance for Characterizing and Testing High Power, High Current Components

The Model 2651A High Power/High Current System SourceMeter® Instrument simplifies characterizing today's challenging high power electronics with unprecedented power, precision, speed, flexibility, and ease of use. It combines a highly flexible, four quadrant voltage and current source/load with precision voltage and current meters.

ON-resistance is the key determinant of the conduction loss of the power MOSFET. Test challenges include:

- Source or sink 2,000W of pulsed power (\pm 40V, \pm 50A), 200W of DC power (\pm 10V@ \pm 20A, \pm 20V@ \pm 10A, \pm 40V@ \pm 5A)
- Easily connect two units (in series or parallel) to create solutions up to ±100A or ±80V
- IpA resolution enables precise measurement of very low leakage currents
- 1µs per point (1MHz), continuous 18-bit sampling, accurately characterizes transient behavior

Choice of Digitizing or Integrating Measurement Modes

With the Model 2651A, you can choose from either digitizing or integrating measurement modes for precise characterization of both transient and steady-state behavior. Two independent ADCs define each mode - one for current and the other for voltage - which run simultaneously for accurate source readback without sacrificing test throughput. The digitizing measurement mode's 18-bit ADCs can support continuous one microsecond-per-point sampling, making it ideal for waveform capture and measuring transient characteristics with high precision. The integrating measurement mode, based on

Application Male

Testing Power Semiconductor Devices ligh Power System

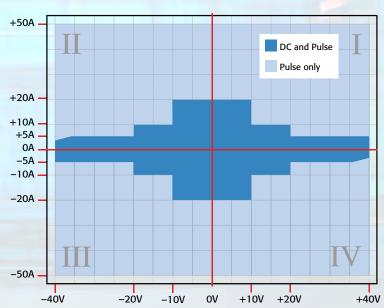
22-bit ADCs, supports applications that demand the highest possible measurement accuracy and resolution. This ensures precise measurements of the very low currents and voltages common in next-generation devices.

Download the Model 2651A Data Sheet.

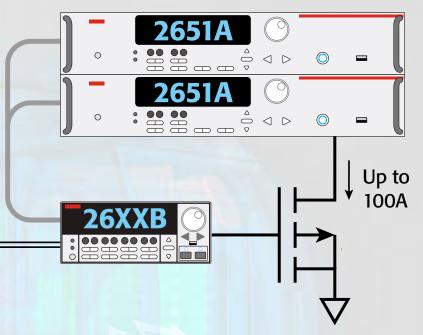
A single Model 2651A unit can source and sink up to ±40V and ±50A. Connect two units in parallel via the built-in TSP-Link® expansion bus to extend the system's current range to 100A or connect them in series to expand the voltage range to 80V. The embedded Test Script Processor (TSP®) included simplifies testing by allowing you to address multiple units as a single instrument so that they act in concert. The built-in trigger controller can synchronize the operation of all linked channels to within 500 nanoseconds.

LXI or GPIB to PC Controller

TSP-Link







The embedded TSP controller and TSPLink interface in each System SourceMeter® instrument make it easy to link multiple Model 2651As and other Series 2600B instruments to create an integrated test system with up to 64 channels. Precision timing and tight channel synchronization are guaranteed with built-in 500ns trigger controllers. The fully isolated, independent channels of Series 2600A instruments allow true SMU-per-pin testing without the power and/or channel limitations of mainframe-based systems.

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Characterizing Device ON- and OFF-State: Off-State Characterization

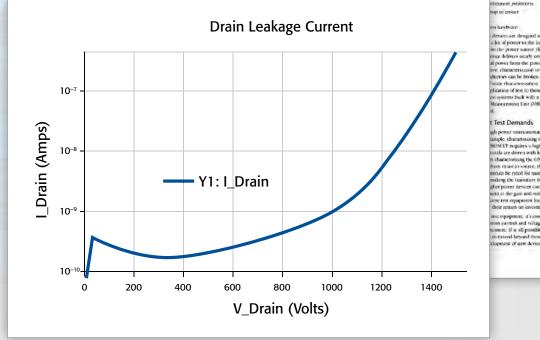
For an adequate understanding of all overall product efficiency, the impact of the device on the overall circuit when the device is turned off must be investigated, as well. Two primary DC tests are performed when the device is off: breakdown voltages and leakage currents.

Breakdown Voltages

A device's OFF-state breakdown voltage determines the maximum voltage that can be applied to it. The primary withstand voltage of interest to power management product designers is the breakdown voltage between drain and source of a MOSFET or between the collector and emitter of an IGBT or BJT. For a MOSFET, the gate can be either shorted or forces into a "hard" OFF state, such as by applying a negative voltage to an n-type device or a positive voltage to a p-type device. This is a very simple test that can be performed using one or two SMU instruments. The lower power SMU instrument is connected to the gate and forces the transistor off. It can force OV for a gate shorted test or force a user-specified bias voltage. A high voltage SMU instrument, such as Keithley's Model 2657A, forces current the drain and measures the resulting drain voltage.

Leakage Currents

Leakage current is the level of current that flows through two terminals of a device even when the device is off. Minimizing leakage current minimizes power loss when the device is off. This power is consumed by the device and is not output to the load and, therefore, contributes to power inefficiency. When using a transistor or diode to switch or rectify, it's important to make a clear distinction between ON and OFF states; a lower leakage current equates with a better switch. While testing a device's OFF state, it is generally desirable to test the gate leakage current and drain, or collector, leakage current. For power devices, these values are typically within the nanoamp or microamp ranges, so they can be measured using the sensitive current measurement capabilities of a SMU instrument, which are greatly beneficial when testing devices made of wide bandgap materials such as silicon carbide (SiC,) gallium nitride (GaN,) and aluminum nitride (AIN,) which typically have higher breakdown voltages and lower leakage currents than do silicon devices.



How to perform a simple

high voltage IGBT device

KEITHLEY

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breakdown test on a high power,

Application Note

Introduction

The design and c

Series

* Selecting equipment to meet test domand

Instruments

A plot of OFF-state drain voltage vs. drain current results for a commercially available SiC power MOSFET as the drain voltage is swept while the transistor is in the OFF state.





Watch the product demonstration How to perform a simple breakdown test on a high power, high voltage IGBT device.

Creating Multi-SMU Systems with High Power System SourceMeter"

Keithley's Series 2650A and 2600B SMUs were designed is evolving rear systems in mind. The TSP Link* inter-in while still allowing sa

Chief of the second 2000E is the libdey is offers to build it Fol the application is test requirements while maintaining aniless system performance. The Series 2030A and 20000

Up to 50A pulse at 2006W (100A pr

. Up to NAV source at GOW, 1900V at 180W

Sati-pio amp measurement capathilas

· Lip on Mare 34 DC on lower-power SMIIs. This is idea exing high power BTS with large base currents

This level of capability is generally enavailable in an off-shell commercial test maintraine and would have once

Selecting Cabling and Fixturing to Con the Instruments to the Device

Determine the Interface to the Device in the past, most power semiconductor in to test it because there was no s vallable technology that allowed delivering tens of amps o

Deciding whether in test packaged devices or devices. ween the large capital nor to test. Keithley solutions apply to both parkage

Download the application note Creating Multi-SMU **Systems with High Power** System SourceMeter® Instruments

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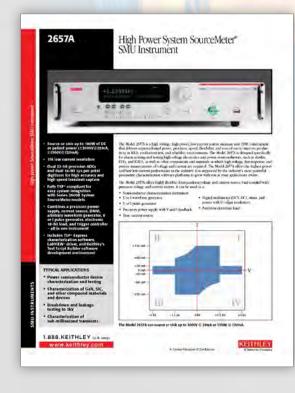
Tektronix[®]

Characterize and Test High Voltage Components and Power Semiconductors

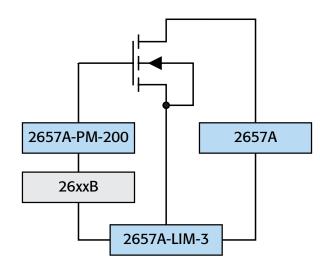
The Model 2657A High Power/High Voltage System SourceMeter[®] Instrument adds high voltage to Keithley's SourceMeter SMU instruments family of high speed, precision source measurement units.

- Source or sink up to 3000V @ 20mA or 1500V @ 120mA to capture important parametric data that other equipment can't
- IfA (femtoamp) current measurement resolution for measuring the low leakage requirements of nextgeneration devices
- Power semiconductor device characterization and testing
- Characterization of GaN, SiC, and other compound materials and devices
- Breakdown and leakage testing to 3kV
- Characterization of sub-millisecond transients

Like the Model 2651A, the Model 2657A features dual 22-bit precision ADCs and dual 18-bit 1µs per point digitizers for high accuracy and high speed transient capture. It includes TSP[®] Express characterization software, LabVIEW[®] driver, and Keithley's Test Script Builder software development environment.



Download the Model 2657A Data Sheet.



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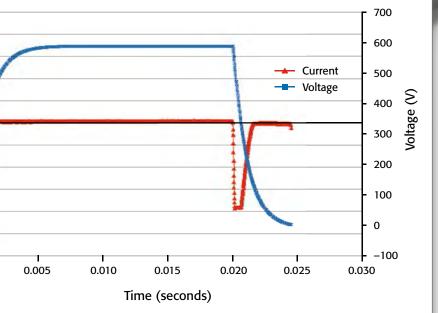
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Current (A)

The Model 2657A can be combined with Series 2600B and Model 4200-SCS SMU instruments to support multi-terminal test capability.





The dual high speed A/D converters sample as fast as 1µs per point, enabling full simultaneous characterization of both voltage and current.

Want assistance, a quote, or to place an order? Contact us online.

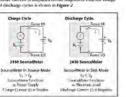
Verifying Battery Performance

The heart of the electric vehicle and hybrid system is the battery. Batteries need to have a high energy density, light weight, high capacity to maximize travel distance between charges, reliability, and competitive costs. Today, NiMH and Li-ion batteries are the battery technologies of choice with EV and hybrid automotive manufacturers. Extensive research is going into new battery technologies and battery construction.

Since the battery power also impacts vehicle starting, acceleration, and mileage, battery performance characterization is essential for quantifying vehicle performance. Determining battery performance involves making the following types of measurements:

- Discharge cycling under varying loads
- Charge cycle characterization
- Battery temperature monitoring
- Battery internal resistance measurements

Testing the characteristics of an automotive battery requires DC power, voltage, and current meters, as well as a digital electronic load: and all instruments must have sufficient accuracy to meet demanding test requirements. Using a minimum number of instruments to perform battery testing simplifies test setup, reduces programming time, and saves test system size.

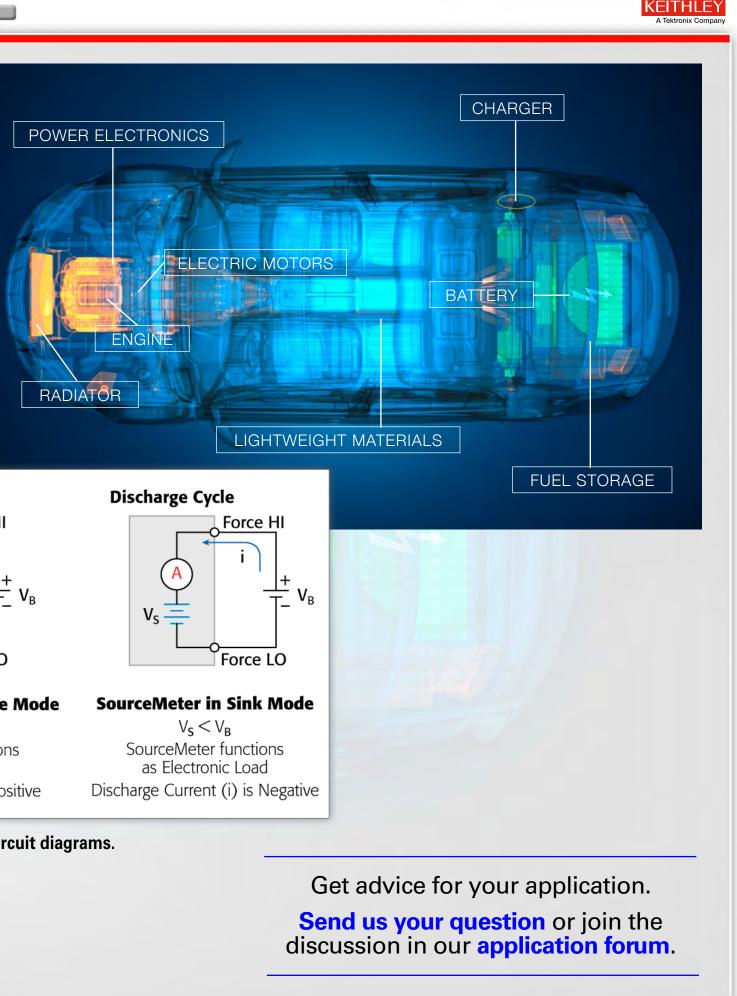


Download this application note for concepts on using an SMU for: Battery Discharge/ **Charge Cycling.**

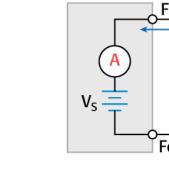
Force HI Force LO

SourceMeter in Source Mode

 $V_{\rm S} > V_{\rm B}$ SourceMeter functions as Power Supply Charge Current (i) is Positive



Charge Cycle



Charge and discharge circuit diagrams.

SMU Instruments – One, Tightly-Integrated Solution for I-V Testing of Batteries

Keithley's source measure unit (SMU) instruments provide a fully-integrated, four-quadrant, all-in-one solution for testing of batteries. Keithley SMUs are electronic loads for characterizing battery discharge. SMUs can either source current or source voltage for charging batteries and analyzing the batteries charge cycle. Keithley has an extensive range of SMUs with the following range of capabilities:

- Source and measure up to 3kV or 50A pulse, with best-in-class low current resolution
- Up to 2000W pulse or 200W DC power
- Precision 6 ½-digit current, voltage, and resistance measurements
- Waveform and pulse generator
- Source either bipolar voltage or current
- Precision electronic load with constant voltage and constant current sinking

For monitoring temperature, for testing a number of batteries, or for battery test applications that require high throughput, consider Keithley's Series 2700 and Series 3706A integrated digital multimeter/switch/data logger systems. The Series 2700 combines precision measurement, switching, and control in a single, tightly-integrated enclosure for either rack mount or bench-top applications used by data loggers. These products are ideal for data

logging and signal routing applications. The Series 2700 offers two- and fiveslot models, as well as an Ethernet-based model for high speed and long distance communication. The Series 3706A DMM/Switch System includes a high performance DMM with six slots and can support up to 576 two-wire multiplexer channels for unrivaled density and per-channel costs.

<section-header>

Download the e-guide: High Performance DMMs for singleand multi-channel applications

AUTOMOTIVE | UNDERSTANDING POWER TESTING APPLICATIONS FOR TODAY'S AUTOMOBILES





KEITHLEY

A GREATER MEASURE OF CONFIDENCE

Keithley's SMU legacy... Choosing the Right SMU Model 2450 SourceMeter Series 26008 System Sour Model 2651A High Power / Model 2657A High Power / Series 2400 SourceMeter I Model 6430 Sub-Femtoam SMU Selector Guide For More Information

Download the e-guide: How to Choose and Apply Source Measurement Unit Instruments

Want assistance, a quote, or to place an order? Contact us online.

Verifying External Charging Performance

Charging stations must convert AC line power to DC voltage and current to charge the battery. To supply sufficient power at the appropriate rate to single or multiple automotive batteries, electric vehicle charging stations are effectively power supplies that operate from single phase or 3-phase AC power sources. These supplies must be as efficient as possible. Testing charging station performance requires analysis of:

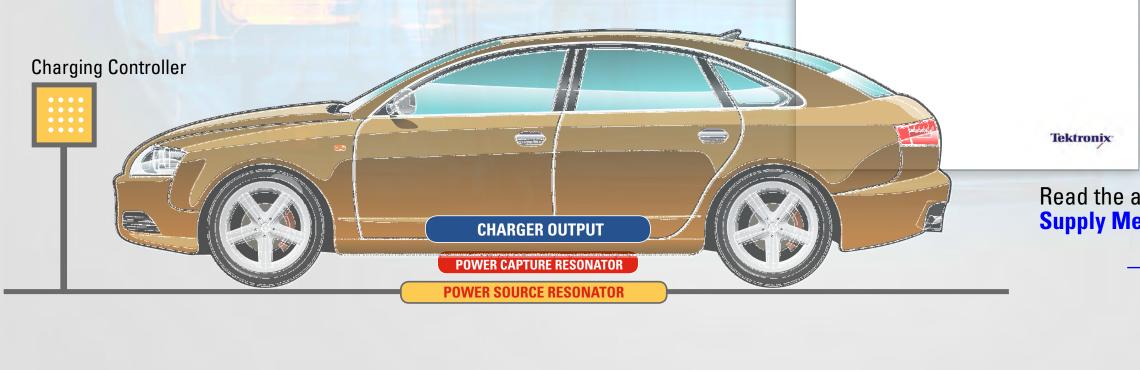
- AC power consumption
- Power factor
- Current harmonics compliance with IEC Standard IEC61000-3-2, Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)
- Standby or idle power consumption
- DC output power
- Efficiency



Power Supply Measurements

11

Research may lead to contactless charging methods such as inductive power transfer. In this case, power must be measured accurately at frequencies greater than 100kHz.







Fundamentals of AC Power Measurements

Application Note

we analysis involves come measurements, terms and automs that may be new and possibly contains to means and technicians who are new to this discipline. And by's power-conversion equipment of the poducise complex ge and current waveforms that may require different hods that once applied for simpler size waves. This function note will introduce the basic concepts of power situements and oright the definitions of key terms such as:

al power

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war factor

Crest factor

Harmonic Distortion

By developing a better understanding of these measurement erms and concepts, as well as the relationships between nem, you will be better prepared to interpret measurements

PWM OUT Sum			AC INPUT Ch3		
Watt	0.0000	W	Vras	255.96	۷
Vrms	138.95	۷	Arms	169.20	mA
Arms	234.04	mA	Watt	23.841	W
VA	56.326	VA	WHr	18.527	Wh
VAr	56.326	VA	Hr	779.12	mh
Freq	-		VA	43.308	VA

Download the application note: Fundamentals of AC Power Measurements to learn more about power conversion and power analysis.

Tektronix^{*}

Read the application note: **Power Supply Measurements to learn more.**

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Verifying Battery Management System Performance

Monitoring of the battery and communicating its condition is critical to ensuring reliable vehicle performance and determining when an electric vehicle battery needs to be re-charged. The battery is monitored by the battery management system which performs the following functions:

- Real time monitoring of battery status
 - o Voltage output, load current, temperature,
 - o State of charge (SOC) and state of health (SOH)
- Cell balancing
- Controlling the charge process
- **Communication** of the battery status to display systems and vehicle control systems

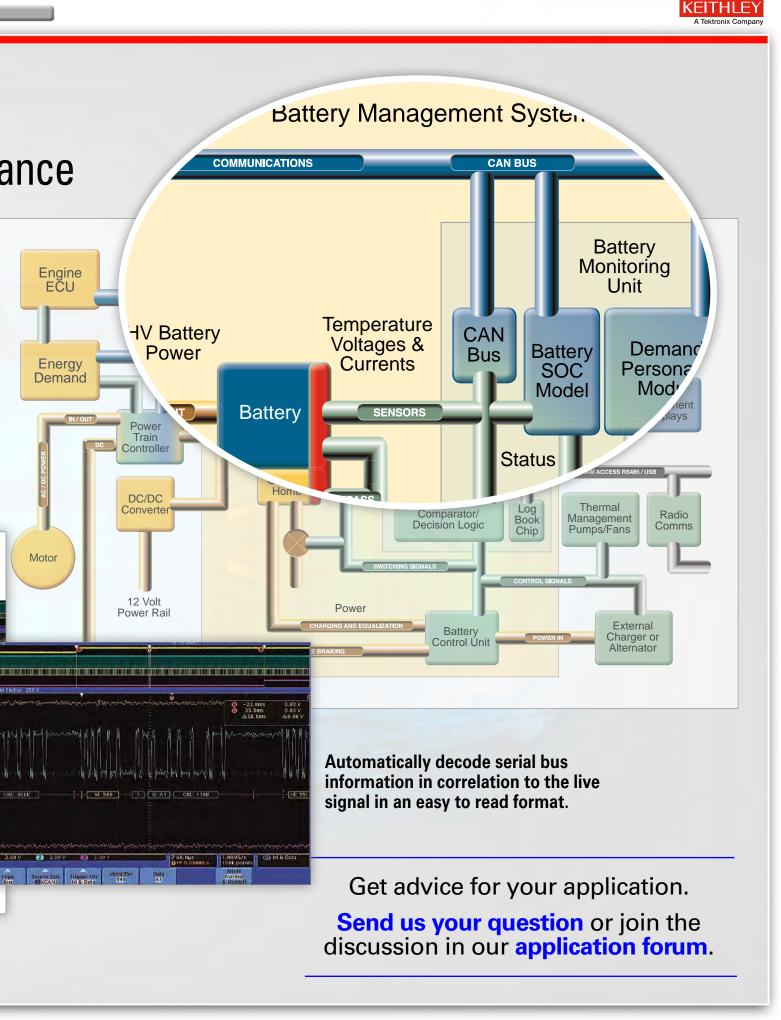
The battery management system's performance and functionality must be thoroughly tested requiring a full complement of test instrumentation. Of major importance is verifying the quality of the data transferred on the communication bus to other vehicle systems. One protocol used in automobiles is the Controller Area Network (CAN) bus.

Tektronix oscilloscopes have built-in signal and protocol analysis in many of their oscilloscopes for verifying the guality of automotive bus interfaces.

Measurement, Debug and Analysis for Embedded Automotive Designs



Download the application note: Measurement, Debug, and Analysis for **Embedded Automotive Designs**

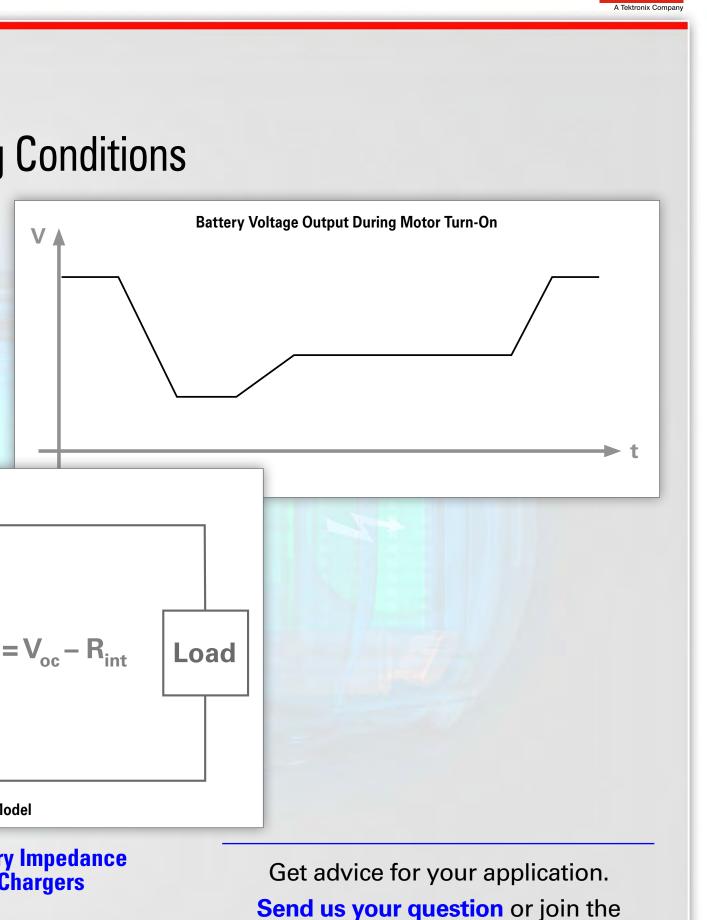


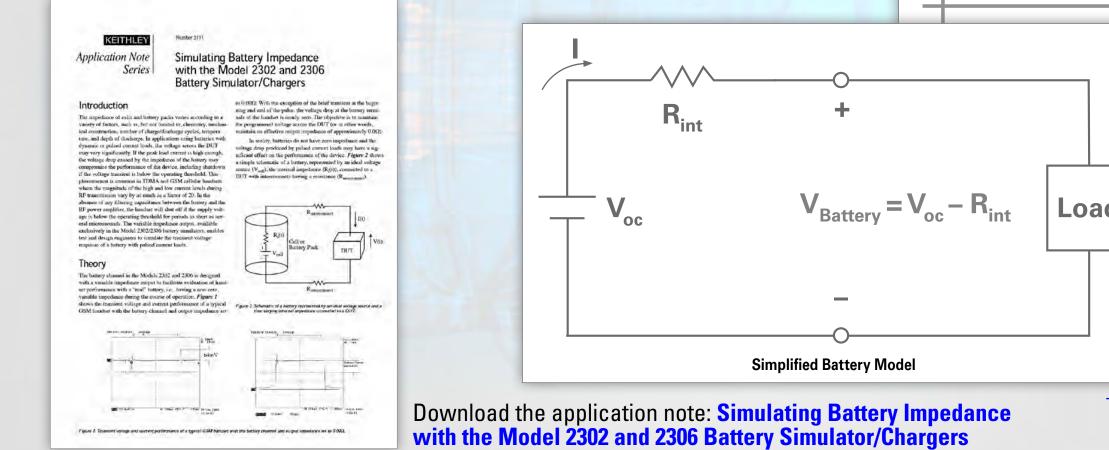
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Testing Automotive Circuits under Realistic Operating Conditions

Circuits in automobiles do not operate with a source that outputs a constant voltage. The power source is a battery that can be simplistically modeled as an ideal voltage source with an internal resistance. The larger the current draw from the battery, the higher the voltage drop across the internal resistance. The actual output voltage is reduced by the voltage drop across the internal resistance.

When motors are energized, high in-rush currents are drawn from the battery resulting in a substantial drop in the battery output voltage. The circuits powered by the battery must be able to continue to operate when the battery voltage drops. Thus these circuits need to be tested with a source that can simulate the response of a battery. A power supply that can emulate the output of a battery under dynamic load changes is needed to test automotive circuits so they can be tested under the most realistic conditions.





discussion in our application forum.

KEITHLE

Solutions for Simulating Power Sources in Automotive Test

Keithley DC power supplies and source measure unit (SMU) instruments can supply precision voltage levels and specific waveforms to simulate automotive test waveforms.

The Series 2200 Programmable Single-Channel DC Power Supplies includes a list mode feature to create a series of voltage steps and define custom test sequences of up to 80 steps. This makes it easy to perform tests such as analyzing how your circuit- or device-under-test performs at each voltage level within a range of voltages.

Keithley's SMU instruments have programmable source-measure delay sequences that can generate custom waveforms. These instruments can be great alternatives to power supplies for simulating a wide range of battery responses in medium (<100W) and high power (>1kW) I-V testing.



Download the white paper: Choosing the Optimal Source Measurement **Unit Instrument for Your Test and Measurement Application.**



Learn more about Keithley's SMU instruments.

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AUTOMOTIVE UNDERSTANDING POWER TESTING APPLICATIONS FOR TODAY'S AUTOMOBILES



single-channel power supplies.

Learn more about Keithley's **DC Precision Power Supplies.**

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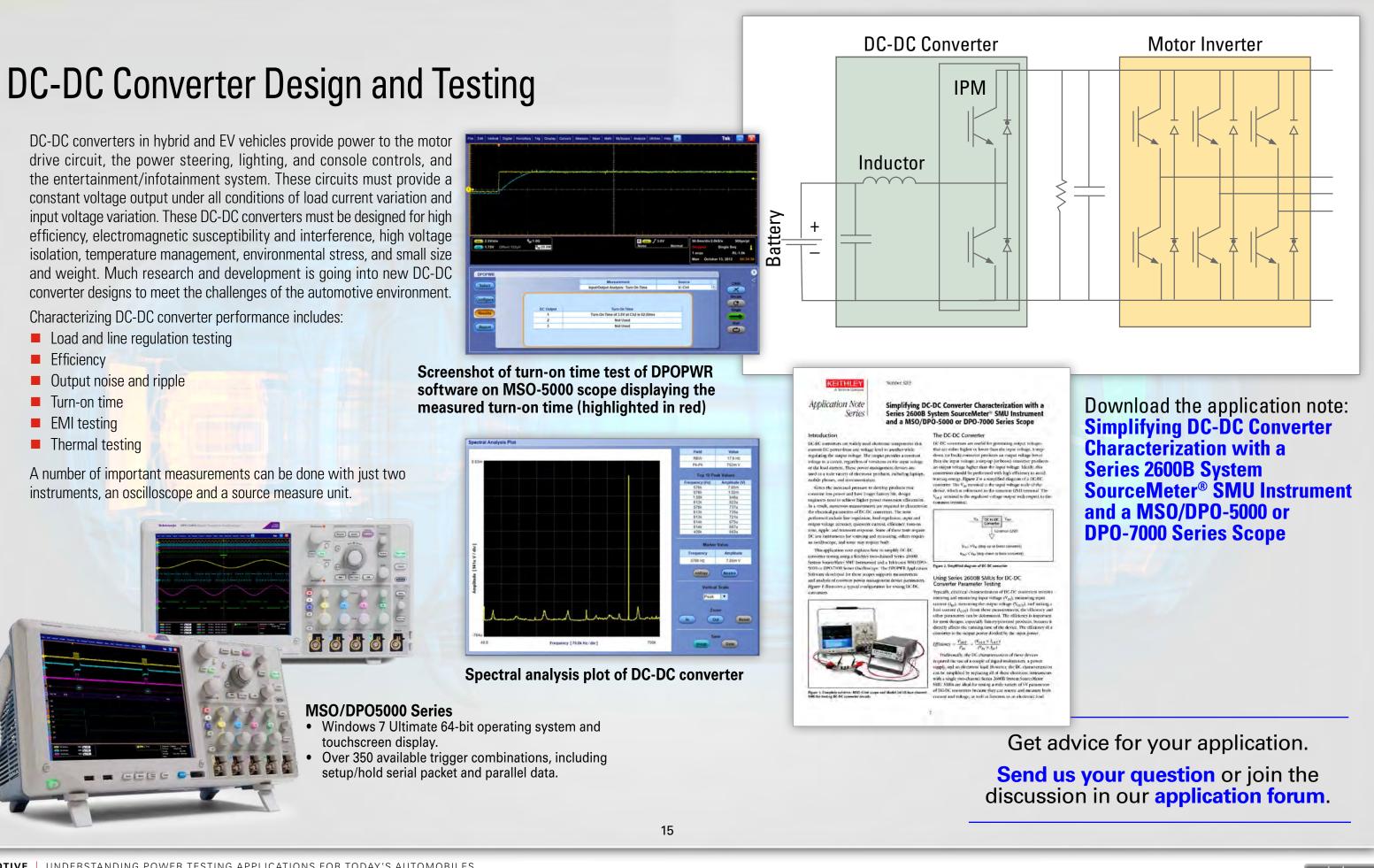
KEITHLE

Efficiency

Turn-on time

EMI testing

Thermal testing



KEITHLE

Testing the Drivetrain Motor Control System

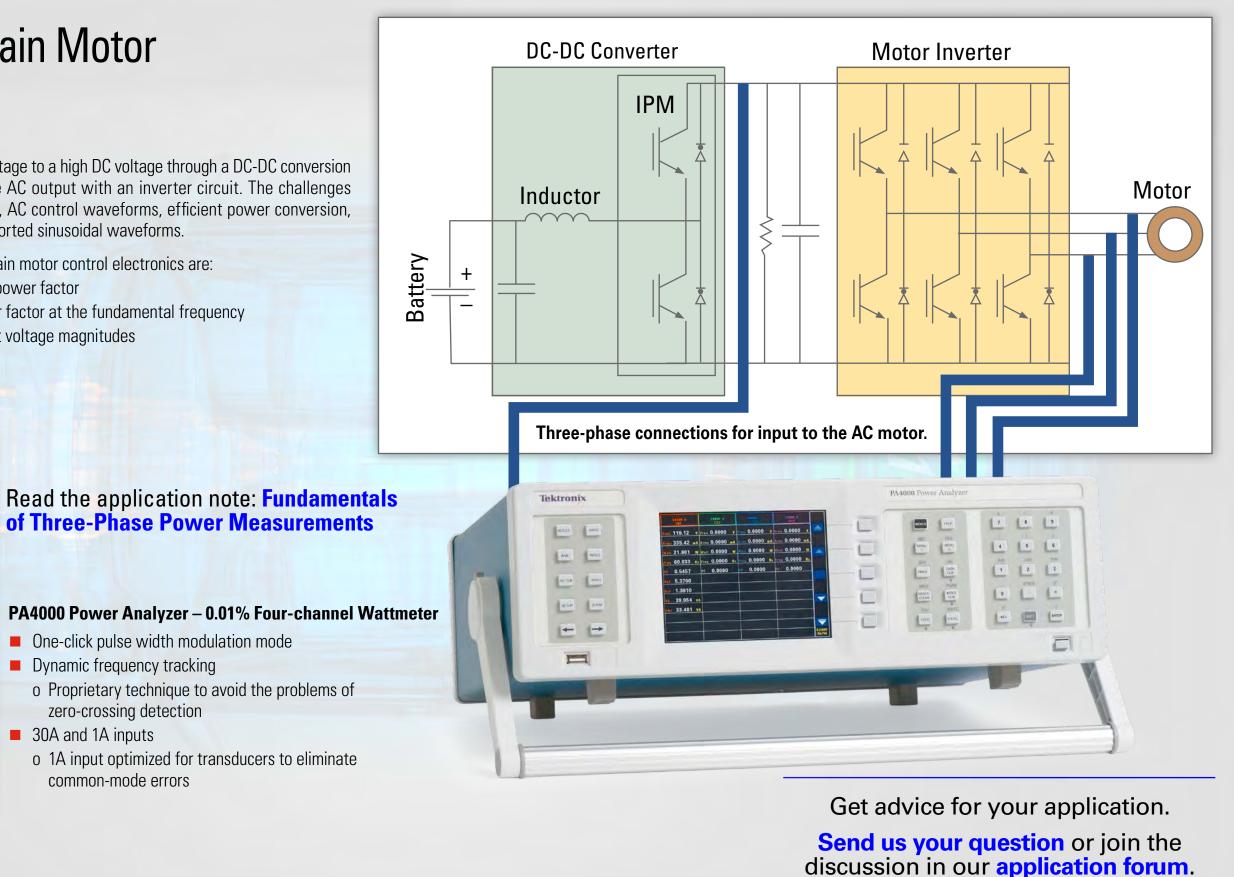
The drive train circuit must convert battery voltage to a high DC voltage through a DC-DC conversion and then convert the DC voltage to 3-phase AC output with an inverter circuit. The challenges include creating phase and frequency-stable, AC control waveforms, efficient power conversion, temperature management, and minimally-distorted sinusoidal waveforms.

Key measurements needed to analyze drivetrain motor control electronics are:

- Total output power, voltage, current, and power factor
- Output power, voltage, current, and power factor at the fundamental frequency
- Harmonic power and harmonic component voltage magnitudes
- Output signal frequency
- Efficiency

Measurements

Application Note



The Fundamentals of Three-Phase Power

PA4000 Power Analyzer – 0.01% Four-channel Wattmeter

- One-click pulse width modulation mode
- Dynamic frequency tracking
 - o Proprietary technique to avoid the problems of zero-crossing detection
- 30A and 1A inputs
 - o 1A input optimized for transducers to eliminate common-mode errors

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AUTOMOTIVE UNDERSTANDING POWER TESTING APPLICATIONS FOR TODAY'S AUTOMOBILES



Determining Motor Output Performance

The motor must efficiently convert the electric drive power it receives from the motor control system into mechanical power to propel the vehicle at the desired speed. Torque and speed are the parameters necessary to assess motor functionality. In addition, the efficiency of the complete drive train-motor system needs to be assessed to determine the overall vehicle performance.

Tektronix has an outstanding measurement solution for testing the drivetrain motor control electronics and the motor, and the solution is all in just one instrument, the Model PA4000 Power Analyzer, a 4-channel wattmeter with 0.01% accuracy. This sophisticated instrument measures:

- V, I, VA, VAR, Watts, PF, Phase Angle. Harmonics, W-Hr, and other parameters with outstanding accuracy
- Voltages up to 2000Vpeak and currents up to 200Apeak
- Three-phase or single-phase systems
- Power conversion efficiency
- Up to the 100th harmonic of a voltage or current waveform

The Model PA4000 has the following additional superior functionality for testing the automotive drivetrain:

- Pulse width modulation measurement mode for analyzing PWM drive systems
 - Includes dynamic frequency detection that ensures stable and accurate measurements on noisy PWM drive waveforms
- 1MHz bandwidth for capturing high frequency harmonics
- Classical discrete Fourier transform, not fast Fourier Transform (FFT) analysis to compute accurate low-level power harmonics for drive and motor optimization
- Auxiliary inputs for acquisition of signals from torque and speed transducers that enable the determination of mechanical power and system efficiency
- Accurate measurements on non-sinusoidal waveforms with crest factors as high as ten
- Accurate measurements in the presence of high common mode voltages

Read the application note Power Analysis of PWM Motor Drives to learn more.

From Inverter Output

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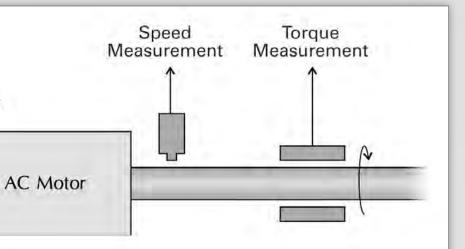


Power Analysis of PWM Motor Drives

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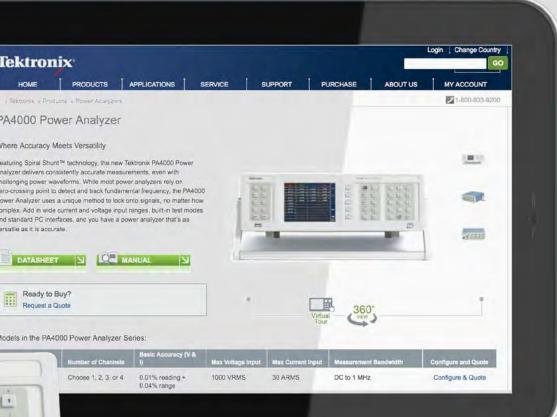
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