# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



Your Resource For Solutions!

Akron Paint and Varnish

(dba APV Engineered Coatings) 1390 Firestone Parkway Akron, Ohio 44301 USA

### www.apvcoatings.com

Information Telephone: (800) 772-3452 Facsimile: (330) 773-1028 Emergency Telephone: (330) 773-8911 CHEMTREC: (703) 527-3887

Product Code: A-9089-01 Product Name: BLACK TIRE PAINT Product Use: Paint Not recommended for: Contact with food

### Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### **GHS Ratings**

| aungs              |    |  |
|--------------------|----|--|
| Flammable liquid   | 3  | Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F)  |
| Skin corrosive     | 2  | Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation   |
| Eye corrosive      | 2B | Mild eye irritant: Subcategory 2B, Reversible in 7 days  |
| Mutagen            | 1B | Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ<br>cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ<br>cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo<br>somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of<br>germ cell mutagenicity |
| Carcinogen         | 1B | Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated<br>animal carcinogenicity   |
| Reproductive toxin | 1B | Presumed, Based on experimental animals  |
| Aspiration hazard  | 1  | Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human<br>evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5<br>mm2/s at 40° C.  |
| Aquatic toxicity   | C2 | Acute toxicity > 1.00 but <= 10.0 mg/l and lack of rapid degradability and log Kow >= 4 unless BCF < 500 and unless chronic toxicity > 1 mg/l  |
|                    |    |  |

### **GHS Hazards**

| H226            | Flammable liquid and vapour  |
|-----------------|--|
| H304            | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                            |
| H315+H320       | Causes skin and eye irritation   |
| H340            | May cause genetic defects.   |
| H350            | May cause cancer.  |
| H360            | May damage fertility or the unborn child.                                |
| H411            | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                         |
| GHS Precautions |  |
| P201            | Obtain special instructions before use                                   |
| P202            | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood |
| P210            | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking          |
| P233            | Keep container tightly closed  |
| P240            | Ground/bond container and receiving equipment                            |
| P241            | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/manufacturer/equipment  |
| P242            | Use only non-sparking tools  |
| P243            | Take precautionary measures against static discharge                     |
| P264            | Wash contact area thoroughly after handling.                             |

| P273           | Avoid release to the environment   |
|----------------|--|
| P280           | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection        |
| P281           | Use personal protective equipment as required                                    |
| P321           | Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)        |
| P331           | Do NOT induce vomiting   |
| P362           | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse                             |
| P391           | Collect spillage   |
| P301+P310      | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/                           |
| P302+P352      | IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.   |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN |
|                | with water [or shower].  |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact      |
|                | lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.                             |
| P308+P313      | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.                           |
| P332+P313      | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.                         |
| P337+P313      | IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.                        |
| P370+P378      | In case of fire: Use to extinguish.  |
| P405           | Store locked up  |
| P403+P235      | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.                                     |
| P501           | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with                                 |
|                | local/regional/national/international regulations.                               |

#### Signal Word: Danger



N/A <u>Conditions Aggravated</u> N/A

**Chronic Effects** 

N/A

# Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Chemical Name    | CAS number | Weight Concentration % |
|------------------|------------|------------------------|
| Stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3  | 43.00%                 |
| Asphalt          | 8052-42-4  | 30.00% - 40.00%        |
| Carbon Black     | 1333-86-4  | 5.00% - 10.00%         |
| Nonane           | 111-84-2   | 5.00% - 10.00%         |
| Gilsonite        | 12002-43-6 | 1.00% - 5.00%          |

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

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SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all matterials ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

#### **Explosion Hazards**

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

N/A

#### **Recommended Fire Equipment**

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Non-emergency personnel:** Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

**<u>Emergency responders</u>**: See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

<u>Environmental precautions:</u> Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil. Contact APV (**330-773-8911**) for assistance and advice.

**Small Spill:** Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large Spill:** Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

APV requires that CHEMTREC be immediately notified (800-424-9300) when this product is unintentionally released

from its container during its course of distribution, regardless of the amount released. Distribution includes transportation, storage incidental to transportation, loading and unloading. Such notification must be immediate and made by the person have knowledge of the release.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage temperature-

| Minimum: | do not freeze |
|----------|---------------|
| Maximum: | 40°C (104°F)  |

Storage Period- See technical data sheet.

| Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection |                                |  |   |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Chemical Name / CAS No.                             | OSHA Exposure Limits           | ACGIH Exposure Limits  | Other Exposure Limits   |  |  |
| Stoddard solvent<br>8052-41-3                       | 500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3<br>TWA | 100 ppm TWA  | NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA<br>1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15<br>min)  |  |  |
| Asphalt<br>8052-42-4                                | Not Established                | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume,<br>inhalable fraction, as<br>benzene soluble aerosol) | NIOSH: 5 mg/m3 Ceiling<br>(fume, 15 min)  |  |  |
| Carbon Black<br>1333-86-4                           | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA                  | 3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable<br>fraction)  | NIOSH: 3.5 mg/m3<br>TWA; 0.1 mg/m3 TWA<br>(Carbon black in<br>presence of Polycyclic<br>aromatic hydrocarbons,<br>as PAH) |  |  |
| Nonane<br>111-84-2                                  | Not Established                | 200 ppm TWA  | NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA;<br>1050 mg/m3 TWA   |  |  |
| Gilsonite<br>12002-43-6                             | N/A                            | N/A  | N/A   |  |  |

**Engineering Controls:** Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

Environmental Controls: Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

### Individual Protection Measures:

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

<u>Respiratory Protection</u>- Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

<u>Skin and Body Protection</u>- Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>- Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Odor Threshold: Not determined Boiling Point: 150°C Freezing Point: Not determined Viscosity: Not determined % Weight Solids 56.32 VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 3.41 U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 3.41 Odor: Solvent LEL/UEL: 1% - 7% Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined Color: Black Vapor Density: 4.4 Partition coefficient: Not determined pH: N/a % Volume Solids 52.23 Vapor Pressure: 3.2 mmHg Specific Gravity (SG) 0.931 Flash Point: 106°F,41°C Autoignition Temperature: 140°C

### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

#### Hazardous polymerization will not occur. The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

### Oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Mixture Toxicity Component Toxicity

LC<sub>50</sub> and LD<sub>50</sub> toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

| Possible Route  | s of Entry  |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--|
| Inhalation  | Skin C  | Contact         | Eye Contact     | Inges  | tion            |  |
| Potential Target Organs   |   |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
| Eyes  | Kidneys   | Lungs           | Central Nervous | System | Skin            | Respiratory System   |
| Effects of Over   | exposure  |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
| Not Availat   | ble   |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
|   | <u>The following components are possible carcinogens</u><br>*Materials labeled a carcinogen in dust form are supplied in solution, thus eliminating the hazard. |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
| CAS Numb  | er Dese   | <u>cription</u> |                 |        | <u>% Weight</u> | Carcinogen Rating  |
| 8052-41-3   | Stod  | dard solvent    |                 |        | 43              | Stoddard solvent: EU REACH:<br>Present (P)   |
| 1333-86-4   | Carb  | oon Black       |                 |        | 5 to 10%        | Carbon Black: NIOSH: potential<br>occupational carcinogen<br>IARC: Possible human carcinogen<br>OSHA: listed |
| Section 12 - Ecological Information   |   |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
| <u>Mixture Ecotoxicity</u><br>Toxicity- Do not release into environment. May cause long term adverse effects. |   |                 |                 |        |                 |  |
| Persistence and   | dearadabilit  | ν_ N/Δ          |                 |        |                 |  |

Persistence and degradability- N/A Bioaccumulative potential- N/A

Mobility in Soil- N/A

Component Ecotoxicity

Carbon Black

24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >5600 mg/L 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio > 1000 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Algae > 10000 mg/L 3 Hr EC0 Activated sludge > 800 mg/L

### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

| Section 14 - Transport Information |                         |           |               |              |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|
| Agency                             | Proper Shipping Name    | UN Number | Packing Group | Hazard Class |
| DOT                                | PAINT                   | UN1263    | III           | 3            |
| IATA                               | PAINT                   | UN1263    | III           | 3            |
|                                    | Pkg Instr: Y344/355/366 |           |               |              |
| IMDG                               | PAINT                   | UN1263    | III           | 3            |
|                                    | EmS: F-E, S-E           |           |               |              |

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous Substances

111-84-2 Nonane 1333-86-4 Carbon Black 8052-42-4 Asphalt 8052-41-3 Stoddard solvent

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections 5200-5220 as Carcinogens .

- None

- The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5203 as Carcinogens None
- The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5209 as Carcinogens . - None
- The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC): None

The following chemcials are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

- None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL) - None

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

111-84-2 Nonane 1333-86-4 Carbon Black 8052-41-3 Stoddard solvent

The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

111-84-2 Nonane 1333-86-4 Carbon Black 8052-42-4 Asphalt 8052-41-3 Stoddard solvent

The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

111-84-2 Nonane 1333-86-4 Carbon Black 8052-42-4 Asphalt 8052-41-3 Stoddard solvent

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List. 111-84-2 Nonane 1333-86-4 Carbon Black 8052-42-4 Asphalt 8052-41-3 Stoddard solvent

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

1333-86-4 Carbon Black 5 to 10 % Carcinogen

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

- None

The following chemicals are listed in EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals (PBT)

- None

The following chemicals are listed under EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) 8052-42-4 Asphalt 30 to 40 %

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Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are containted within this material:

#### 111-84-2 Nonane

The following chemicals are listed as a *Hazardous Air Pollutant* under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act) - None

| Country          | Regulation   | All Components Listed |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Australia        | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)                             | Yes                   |
| Canada           | Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)  | Yes                   |
| Canada           | Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)                                   | No                    |
| China            | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC | C) No                 |
| Europe           | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)         | No                    |
| Europe           | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)                         | No                    |
| Europe           | REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates                | Yes                   |
| Japan            | Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)              | No                    |
| Japan            | Japan Inventory of Industrial Saftey and Health Law Substances (ISHL)          | No                    |
| Korea            | Korean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)                                      | Yes                   |
| New Zealand      | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                                     | Yes                   |
| Philippines      | Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)             | Yes                   |
| USA              | Toxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)  | No                    |
| ELL Diels Dhrees | •  |                       |

### EU Risk Phrases

Not Available

#### Safety Phrase

Not Available

### Section 16 - Other Information

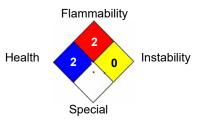
NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend \* = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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