malko

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Glass Cleaner Concentrate

Other means of identification

Product Code 1055

Recommended use Glass Cleaner **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Malco Products, Inc.
Address 361 Fairview Ave

Barberton, OH 44203

United States

Telephone Phone 800-253-2526

Fax 330-753-2025

Website www.malcopro.com
E-mail msdsinfo@malcopro.com

Contact person Technical Department

Emergency phone number Phone 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 3

Acute toxicity, dermal Category 3
Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements







Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary statement

Material name: Glass Cleaner Concentrate

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary

measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Distributor in New Zealand:

33 Ha Crescent Wiri, Auckland. New Zealand

Fax:

Email:

Web:

Phone: +64 9 25000 91

Pacer Car Clean Products NZ LTD

+64 9 25000 92

sales@pacer.co.nz

24hr Emergency Assistance in New Zealand

National Poison Control Center: 0800 Poison [764 766]

www.pacer.co.nz

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to

extinguish.

Storage Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

classified (HNOC) grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

15.03% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 70.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 70.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Ingestion

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
methanol		67-56-1	50 - < 60
propan-2-ol		67-63-0	10 - < 20
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Eth	ner	111-76-2	3 - < 5
Other components below reportable levels			20 - < 30

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

> Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach

content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way

valve or other proper respiratory medical device. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Direct contact with eyes may

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and cause temporary irritation. delayed

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source

of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

General fire hazards

Material name: Glass Cleaner Concentrate

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Value Type PEL Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl 240 mg/m3 Ether (CAS 111-76-2) 50 ppm methanol (CAS 67-56-1) PEL 260 mg/m3 200 ppm propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0) PEL 980 mg/m3

Components	Туре	Value	
		400 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	s (TLV)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to	Life or Health (IDLH) Values,	as amended	
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	IDLH	1.1 %	
		700 ppm	
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	IDLH	6 %	
		6000 ppm	
propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	IDLH	2 %	
		2000 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem			
Components	Туре	Value	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	260 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
ogical limit values			

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

Skin designation applies. Skin designation applies.

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Danger of cutaneous absorption

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Dust & vapor respirator.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Orange
Odor Ammonia
Odor threshold Not available.

pH 10

Melting point/freezing point -138.1 °F (-94.5 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 227.02 °F (108.34 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 65.0 °F (18.3 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 6.21 % estimated
Explosive limit - upper (%) 36.5 % estimated

Vapor pressure 96.8 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 818.97 °F (437.21 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity 5 cP

Viscosity temperature 68 °F (20 °C)

Other information

Density 7.23 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Kinematic viscosity
Kinematic viscosity
temperature

5.765 cSt 68 °F (20 °C)

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidizing.

70.3 % estimated

70.3 % w/w By Weight estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

VOC

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materialsAcids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Isocyanates.Hazardous decompositionNo hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Toxic in contact with skin.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if swallowed.

Components Species Test Results

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 400 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 470 mg/kg

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 15800 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 5628 mg/kg

Components **Species Test Results**

propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12870 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 51.05 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 4.7 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious eve damage/eve Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard**

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. **Chronic effects**

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Species Components **Test Results**

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish LC50 Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components Species Test Results

propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)

Aquatic Acute

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 0.83 methanol -0.77 propan-2-ol 0.05

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s.(Contains Methanol and Isopropylalcohol)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary hazard Label(s) 3
Packing group ||
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s.(Contains Methanol and Isopropylalcohol)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary hazard Label(s) 3
Packing group ||
Environmental hazards No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s.(Contains Methanol and Isopropylalcohol)

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3

Material name: Glass Cleaner Concentrate

1055 Version #: 08 Revision date: 12-14-2023 Issue date: 03-19-2015

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Subsidiary hazard 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

Not assigned.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Yes

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

categories

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
methanol	67-56-1	50 - < 60	
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	10 - < 20	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0) Low priority

US state regulations

US, California, Candidate Chemicals List, Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (CAS 111-76-2) methanol (CAS 67-56-1) propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

International Inventories

On inventory (yes/no)* Country(s) or region Inventory name Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Canada No United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

03-19-2015 Issue date 12-14-2023 **Revision date**

Version #

Malco Products, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, Disclaimer

> or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information in the sheet was written based on the best

knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).