SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Xtrax Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner (Aerosol)

Other means of identification

Product Code 124720

Recommended use Carpet Cleaner **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Malco Products, Inc. Company name 361 Fairview Ave **Address** Barberton, OH 44203

United States

Phone 800-253-2526 Telephone Fax 330-753-2025

www.malcopro.com

Website E-mail msdsinfo@malcopro.com **Technical Department**

Contact person 24hr Emergency Assistance in New Zealand:

Emergency phone number Phone 1-800-424-9300 National Poison Control Center: 0800 Poison [764 766]

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

> Gases under pressure Compressed gas Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Environmental hazards Not classified. Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes

serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open

flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Distributer in New Zealand

33 Ha Crescent, Wiri

Fax:

Web:

Auckland, New Zealand Telephone: +64 9 25000 91

Pacer Car Clean Products NZ LTD

+64 9 25000 92

www.pacer.co.nz

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection/face protection.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and Response

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding Storage

50°C/122°F.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and classified (HNOC) grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. Supplemental information

4% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 4% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. % of the mixture consists of

component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 6% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 6% of the mixture consists of component(s)

of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

Material name: Xtrax Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner (Aerosol) 124720 Version #: 08 Revision date: 09-19-2019 Issue date: 10-24-2014

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Ingestion

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol		112-34-5	1 - < 3
N-butane		106-97-8	1 - < 3
Propane		74-98-6	1 - < 3
Other components below reports	able levels		90 - 100

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

poison control center. Rinse mouth.

vision.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delaved

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to **General information** protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving containers, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport containers. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Value

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Tyna

Components	туре	value	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (CAS 112-34-5)	TWA	10 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	•
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Type	Value	
N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	

Components Type Value

1000 ppm

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide

eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol. Compressed gas. Compressed liquefied gas.

Color Colourless to light yellow.

Odor Characteristic Xtrax

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point -155.9 °F (-104.4 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 55 - 75 psig@70F estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Specific gravity 0.97 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Components Species Test Results

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (CAS 112-34-5)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 2700 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 4500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Material name: Xtrax Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner (Aerosol)

Product Test Results Species

Xtrax Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner (Aerosol)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fish 82500 mg/l, 96 hours estimated

Test Results Components **Species**

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol (CAS 112-34-5)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 1300 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol 0.56 N-butane 2.89 Propane 2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1950 **UN number**

AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging non bulk None None Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk

Not available. Packing group

Environmental hazards Nο **ERG Code** 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Allowed with restrictions. Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions. Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



General information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated. NEW ZEALAND:

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Class 2.1.2A

Class 6.4A

Eye Irritant

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

HSR002515 Aerosols (Flammable)

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories Gas under pressure

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

N-butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

Inventory name

(SDWA)

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

N-butane (CAS 106-97-8)

International Inventories

Country/o) or region

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 10-24-2014

 Revision date
 09-19-2019

Version # 08

United States & Puerto Rico

Disclaimer Malco Products, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product,

or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in

the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Xtrax Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner (Aerosol)

Yes

On inventory (vee/ne)*

country(s).