Geller Alkacip Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Geller Alkacip
Product code NA
HSNO approval HSR002526

Approval description HSR002526 Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020

UN number 176

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains sodium hypochlorite, sodium

hydroxide)

DG class 8
Packaging group III
Hazchem code 2X

Uses Foaming Chlorinated Detergent

Company Details

CompanyIntegra Industries LtdAddress21A Grosvenor StSouth DunedinTelephone0800 667 843

Website www.integraindustries.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes

Hazard Statements

Eye damage category 1 Skin corrosive category 1C H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray*.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Geller Alkacip

Safety Data Sheet

Response P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P405 - Store locked up. Storage

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
water	7732-18-5	60-100%
sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	0-10%
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.1-1%
ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been burned, harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is

facilities recommended.

Exposure

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Rinse **Swallowed**

mouth. DO NOT INDUCE vomiting. If vomiting occurs, place victim face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to prevent vomit entering the

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or

doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse Skin contact

skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a

POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke.

Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other

low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 2X

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to

manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent

discharge to storm water.

In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of **Emergency procedures**

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this

occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the Clean-up method

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers

or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or Disposal

salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for

approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations. **Precautions**

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation

of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Store locked up. Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of

children. Store in original container only. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Store in a cool, dry well ventilated area. Avoid contact with

incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

Handling Corrosive liquid. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in

work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m3 for respirable particulates and 10mg/m3 for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient **WES-TWA WES-STEL Exposure Stds** Ceiling 2 mg/m³ sodium hydroxide not established

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken. Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Eyes



Geller Alkacip

Safety Data Sheet

Skin



Avoid any skin contact. Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. overalls or aprons, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with a dust/mist filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Clear pale yellow liquid **Appearance**

Odour Chlorine odour **Odour Threshold** no data pН 12.5-13.5 Freezing/melting point ~0°C **Boiling Point** ~100°C **Flashpoint** non flammable **Flammability** non flammable

Upper & lower flammable limits no LEL or UEL Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data

Specific gravity/density ~1.0

Solubility miscible in water

Partition coefficient no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data **Decomposition temperature** no data **Viscosity** no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups Acids, oxidising agents, quaternary ammonium compounds

Substance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition may form toxic oxides of chlorine, oxides of carbon

products

Hazardous reactions none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: This mixture is corrosive and may cause damage the gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause vomiting, nausea, abdominal pain. Chemical burns to the mouth, throat and stomach as possible.

IF IN EYES: May cause damage to eyes. Contact will cause stinging, blurring, tearing and severe pain. Burns to the eye may cause blindness.

IF ON SKIN: May cause damage to skin. Contact may cause redness, itching, irritating and chemical burns to the skin. IF INHALED: Vapours may be irritating and burning to upper respiratory tract. The effects may be delayed. Repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause damage to the upper respiratory tract with possible corrosive effects. Inhalation of aerosol may cause lung oedema. The effects may be delayed. Medical observation is indicated. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation is therefore essential.

Geller Alkacip Safety Data Sheet

Supporting Data

Inhaled

Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture Acute Oral

is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: sodium hypochlorite 5800mg/kg (mouse),

sodium hydroxide Schedule 4 poison.

Aspiration This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.

Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the **Dermal**

mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: sodium hydroxide 1349 mg/kg. Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h.

Eye The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye, because some of the ingredients

(Sodium Hydroxide, Sodium Hypochlorite) present at >3% are considered eye

corrosives. The pH of the mixture is >12.5%.

Skin The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the skin, because some of the ingredients

(Sodium Hydroxide, Sodium Hypochlorite) present at >5% are considered skin

corrosives. The pH of the mixture is >12.5%.

Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. Chronic

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.

Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or **Developmental** developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known. existing conditions

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is considered harmful towards aquatic organisms. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is between 1 and 10

mg/L. The alkaline nature of the mixture may result in an adverse effect in the

environment.

Data considered includes: Water n/a, Sodium Hydroxide 45.4 mg/l (96hr, fish), 40.38 mg/l (48hr, water flea), Sodium Hypochlorite 0.065 mg/l (96hr, fish), 0.032 mg/l (48hr,

Daphnia magna), 46 mg/l (96hr, red algae).

Bioaccumulation No data - not considered bioaccumulative

Degradability Sodium hypochloride degrades rapidly in use and in the environment.

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice Disposal method

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

> (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

Geller Alkacip Safety Data Sheet

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a hazardous substance for

transport.

UN number: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1760 Proper shipping name:

(contains sodium hypochlorite,

sodium hydroxide)

Ш

Class(es)

Packing group: Precautions: **CORROSIVE** Hazchem code: 2X

Limited Quantities 5L

IMDG

UN number: 1760 Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(contains sodium hypochlorite,

sodium hydroxide)

Class(es) Packing group: **CORROSIVE Precautions:** Hazchem code: 2X

IATA

UN number: 1760 Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(contains sodium hypochlorite,

sodium hydroxide)

Class(es) Packing group: Ш **CORROSIVE** Hazchem code: 2X Precautions:

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any *quantity*.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances th

manufactured for own use or have been supplied

Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017. Labelling

Required if > 1000L is stored. Emergency plan

Certified handler Not required.

Tracking This substance is *required to be tracked* if > not required is present.

Required if > 1000L is stored. Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored. Signage

Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval HSR002526, Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020 Controls, **Approval Code**

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer **IARC**

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). LC₅₀

Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or **STEL**

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided

the TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure System Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure STOT SE

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours) Upper Explosive Limit

UEL **UN Number** United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

> agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Controls

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review 1 March 2025 Phone number update

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by INTEGRA INDUSTRIES LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright INTEGRA INDUSTRIES LTD and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email sales@integraindustries.co.nz or phone: +64 3 455 6805.