



# VERIDIA

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### K69 KITCHEN STAIN REMOVER

Catalogue number: AC862

Version No: 4.2

Issue date: 13/07/2023

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements.

#### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

##### Product Identifier

Product name	K69 KITCHEN STAIN REMOVER
Synonyms	AC862
Other means of identification	Not Available

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Powdered chlorine kitchen stain remover and sanitiser
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##### Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	VERIDIA Australia
Address	10 Voyager Circuit, Glendenning, NSW, 2761.
Telephone	1300 228 222
Website	www.veridia.com.au
Email	admin@veridia.com.au

##### Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

#### SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	6
GHS Classification	Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Irritation Category 2A. <i>Classification drawn from HCIS and ECHA C&amp;L Inventory</i>

##### Label elements

Hazard pictograms	
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SIGNAL WORD	<b>DANGER</b>
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##### Hazard statement(s)

H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H031	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

##### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P264	Wash hands and contaminated skin after handling
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

##### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338+P337+P313	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302+P352+P362+P332+P313	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice / attention.

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**Precautionary statement(s) Storage**

**P403+P405+P233** Store locked up, in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Precautionary statement(s) Disposal**

**P501** Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations.

**SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

**Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7647-14-5	30 - 60	<u>sodium chloride</u>
7758-29-4	10 - <30	<u>sodium tripolyphosphate</u>
497-19-8	<10	<u>sodium carbonate</u>
51580-86-0	<10	<u>sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES****Description of first aid measures**

<b>Eye Contact</b>	<p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water for 10-15 minutes. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. If pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</p>
<b>Skin Contact</b>	<p>If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</p>
<b>Inhalation</b>	<p>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.</p>
<b>Ingestion</b>	<p>IF SWALLOWED, REFER FOR MEDICAL ATTENTION, WHERE POSSIBLE, WITHOUT DELAY. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. In the meantime, qualified first-aid personnel should treat the patient following observation and employing supportive measures as indicated by the patient's condition. If the services of a medical officer or medical doctor are readily available, the patient should be placed in his/her care and a copy of the SDS should be provided. Further action will be the responsibility of the medical specialist. If medical attention is not available on the worksite or surroundings send the patient to a hospital together with a copy of the SDS. <b>Where medical attention is not immediately available or where the patient is more than 15 minutes from a hospital or unless instructed otherwise:</b> INDUCE vomiting with fingers down the back of the throat, <b>ONLY IF CONSCIOUS</b>. Lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. NOTE: Wear a protective glove when inducing vomiting by mechanical means.</p>

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically.

**SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****Extinguishing media**

<b>Extinguishing media</b>	<p>Water spray or fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. BCF (where regulations permit). Carbon dioxide</p>
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**Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture**

<b>Fire incompatibility</b>	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
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## Advice for firefighters

<b>Fire Fighting</b>	<p>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. May be violently or explosively reactive. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover. Extinguishers should be used only by trained personnel. <b>DO NOT</b> approach containers suspected to be hot. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</p>
<b>Fire/Explosion Hazard</b>	<p>Will not burn but increases intensity of fire. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Heat affected containers remain hazardous. Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), phosphorus oxides (PO<sub>x</sub>) and other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material May emit corrosive fumes.</p>
<b>HAZCHEM</b>	1W

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Minor Spills</b>	<p>Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Clean up all spills immediately. No smoking, naked lights, ignition sources. Avoid all contact with any organic matter including fuel, solvents, sawdust, paper or cloth and other incompatible materials, as ignition may result. Avoid breathing dust or vapours and all contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with dry sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. DO NOT use sawdust as fire may result. Scoop up solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</p>
<b>Major Spills</b>	<p>Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. No smoking, flames or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Contain spill with sand, earth or other clean, inert materials.</p>
<b>PPE</b>	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for safe handling

<b>Safe handling</b>	<p>Avoid personal contact and inhalation of dust, mist or vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. Always wear protective equipment and wash off any spillage from clothing. Keep material away from light, heat, flammables or combustibles. Keep cool, dry and away from incompatible materials. Avoid physical damage to containers. Avoid using solutions of peroxides in volatile solvents. <b>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</b> Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</p>
<b>Other information</b>	<p>Store in original containers. Store under cover and away from sunlight. Store away from flammable or combustible materials, debris and waste. Contact may cause fire or violent reaction. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. DO NOT stack on wooden floors or pallets.</p>

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

<b>Suitable container</b>	DO NOT repack. Use containers supplied by manufacturer only.
<b>Storage incompatibility</b>	<p>Avoid any contamination of this material Avoid ammonia, urea or similar nitrogen containing compounds Avoid all oxidising agents and acids May be corrosive to metal especially in the presence of moisture</p>

## SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA


No data available

#### EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
sodium chloride	Chloride; (Chloride(1-); Chloride ions)	0.5 ppm	2 ppm	20 ppm
sodium tripolyphosphate	sodium tripolyphosphate	0.22 mg/m3	2.5 mg/m3	620 mg/m3
sodium carbonate	sodium carbonate	12 mg/m3	130 mg/m3	780 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
sodium chloride	Not Available	Not Available
sodium tripolyphosphate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate	Not Available	Not Available

### Exposure controls

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate. If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.
<b>Personal protection</b>	
<b>Eye and face protection</b>	Safety glasses with side shields OR Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation. Lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.
<b>Skin protection</b>	See Hand protection below
<b>Hands/feet protection</b>	Wear elbow length chemical protective gloves. Natural rubber or nitrile are recommended for this application.
<b>Body protection</b>	See Other protection below
<b>Other protection</b>	Barrier cream. Skin cleansing cream. Eye wash unit.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not Available

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	White powder		
<b>Physical state</b>	Powder	<b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour</b>	Chlorine	<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not Available	<b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>	Not Available
<b>pH (as supplied)</b>	Not Available	<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not Available
<b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>	Not Available
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>	Not Available
<b>Flash point (°C)</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Taste</b>	Not Available
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not Available	<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>	Not Available
<b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>	Not Applicable	<b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>	Not Available	<b>Gas group</b>	Not Available
<b>Solubility in water (g/L)</b>	Miscible	<b>pH as a solution (1%)</b>	10
<b>Vapour density (Air = 1)</b>	Not Available	<b>VOC g/L</b>	Not Available

**SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

<b>Reactivity</b>	See section 7
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Unstable under prolonged exposure to heat.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	See section 7
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	See section 7
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	See section 7
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	See section 5

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Information on toxicological effects**

<b>Inhaled</b>	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. Chlorine vapour is extremely irritating to the airways and lungs, causing coughing, choking, breathing difficulty, chest pain, headache,
<b>Ingestion</b>	Oral intake of dichloroisocyanurate is corrosive to the mouth, gullet and internal organs, depending on the concentration and may result in weakness, lethargy, tremors, salivation, excessive secretion of tears and possible coma. Its toxicity seems to be mainly related to the corrosive effect on the stomach lining. Severity of symptoms seems to be more related to concentration than amount swallowed.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
<b>Eye</b>	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.
<b>Chronic</b>	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems.

**Toxicological effects of ingredients**

<b>sodium chloride</b>	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) >3550 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 10000 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Slightly irritant to some sensitive persons
	Eye damage/irritation	Slightly irritation, redness and pain
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitising
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No adverse effect observed
	Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen
	Reproductive toxicity	No Data Available
	STOT (single exposure)	No Data Available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No Data Available
	Aspiration toxicity	No Data Available
<b>sodium tripolyphosphate</b>	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) >2000 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating
	Eye damage/irritation	Not irritating
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitizing
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No adverse effect observed
	Carcinogenicity	Does not contain any ingredient designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA as probable or suspected human carcinogens.
	Reproductive toxicity	Not toxic to reproduction
	STOT (single exposure)	No Data Available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No Data Available
	Aspiration toxicity	No Data Available
<b>sodium carbonate</b>	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) 2800 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rat) 2000 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause mild irritation
	Eye damage/irritation	Irritant. May cause pain, redness, discomfort
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitizing
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Not genotoxic
	Carcinogenicity	No Data Available
	Reproductive toxicity	Not toxic to reproduction
	STOT (single exposure)	No data available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No data available
	Aspiration toxicity	No data available

<b>sodium</b>	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) 1420 mg/kg
<b>dichloroisocyanurate</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns
	Eye damage/irritation	Causes severe eye burns
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitising
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No adverse effect observed
	Carcinogenicity	No data available
	Reproductive toxicity	No data available
	STOT (single exposure)	No data available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No data available
	Aspiration toxicity	No data available

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

	Endpoint	Duration (Hr.)	Species	Value
<b>sodium chloride</b>	LC50	96	Fish	5-840mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	=1000mg/L
	NOEC	168	Fish	4-mg/L
<b>sodium tripolyphosphate</b>	EC50	48	Crustacea	>100mg/L
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	69.2mg/L
<b>sodium carbonate</b>	LC50	96	Fish	300mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	265mg/L
	NOEC	96	Fish	=550mg/L
<b>sodium dichloroisocyanurate</b>	LC50	96	Fish	0.23mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	0.17mg/L
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/L
	EC90	3	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.5mg/L
	NOEC	96	Fish	0.056mg/L

On the basis of available evidence concerning either toxicity, persistence, potential to accumulate and or observed environmental fate and behaviour, the material may present a danger, immediate or long-term and /or delayed, to the structure and/ or functioning of natural ecosystems.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
sodium chloride	LOW	LOW
sodium carbonate	LOW	LOW

### Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
sodium chloride	LOW (LogKOW = 0.5392)
sodium carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.4605)

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
sodium chloride	LOW (KOC = 14.3)
sodium carbonate	HIGH (KOC = 1)

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste treatment methods

<b>Product / Packaging disposal</b>	Recycle containers whenever possible. Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations.
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## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Labels Required

<b>Marine Pollutant</b>	NO
<b>HAZCHEM</b>	1W

Land transport (ADG) – NOT REGULATED FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION****Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture****SODIUM CHLORIDE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**SODIUM CARBONATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals  
 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5  
 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6  
 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE DIHYDRATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals  
 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5  
 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6  
 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

**SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION****Revision Schedule**

<b>Revision Date</b>	20/12/2022
<b>Initial Date</b>	01/12/2016

**SDS Version Summary**

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
4.1	09/02/2021	Sections 2,3,4,11,12,15,16 have been updated or corrected
4.2	20/12/2022	Section 2

**Other information****DISCLAIMER:**

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**Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA;	Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC-STEL;	Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC;	International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH;	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists
STEL;	Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL;	Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit
IDLH;	Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations
OSF;	Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL;	No Observed Effects Level
TLV;	Threshold Limit Value
LOD;	Limit Of Detection
OTV;	Odour Threshold Value
BCF;	Bio Concentration Factors
BEI;	Biological Exposure Index

**End of SDS**

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